

How to Create and Use IT Help Desk Ticket Templates

A Checklist

Use this checklist when building or auditing your IT help desk template library:

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| 01 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Keep required fields minimal — Only ask for information the IT agent actually needs to begin working on the ticket. Every extra field is friction. |
| 02 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Standardize categories — Use a fixed set of IT ticket categories (Hardware, Software, Network, Security, Access, etc.) that map to your IT team structure. |
| 03 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Add priority levels — Every template should include a priority field with clear definitions so IT tickets get triaged correctly. |
| 04 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Include SLA indicators — Map each priority level to specific response and resolution time targets. |
| 05 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Use placeholders, not instructions — Show [Requester Name] instead of writing “Enter the name of the person submitting the ticket.” Placeholders are faster to scan and replace. |
| 06 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Write for copy-paste — Templates should work the moment they’re pasted into your IT ticketing system. Avoid templates that require heavy rewriting. |
| 07 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Match templates to your ticket lifecycle — Make sure you have templates for every stage: creation, acknowledgement, investigation, escalation, resolution, and closure. |
| 08 | <input type="checkbox"/> | Version control your templates — Track changes and date-stamp updates. Outdated IT templates cause more problems than no templates. |
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Checklist Continued

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Get IT agent feedback — The people using templates daily will spot gaps and friction points faster than anyone. Review templates quarterly with your IT team.

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Test before deploying — Send every template through a test run. Check for broken placeholders, unclear language, and missing fields.

